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#### CLAIMS:

1. A method of inducing a dopaminergic neuronal fate in a neural stem cell or neural progenitor cell, the method comprising:

expressing Nurrl above basal levels within the cell, and

contacting the cell with one or more factors obtainable from a 10 Type 1 astrocyte of the ventral mesencephalon, whereby dopaminergic neurons are produced.

- 2. A method according to claim 1 comprising contacting the cell with FGF8.
- 3. A method according to claim 1 comprising transforming a neural stem cell or neural progenitor cell with *Nurr1*.
- 4. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 3 comprising co-culturing the neural stem cell or neural progenitor cell with a Type 1 astrocyte of the ventral mesencephalon.
- 5. A method according to claim 4 wherein the Type 1 astrocyte is immortalized or is of an astrocyte cell line.
- 6. A method according to any one of the preceding claims wherein said cell is mitotic when it is contacted with said one or more factors.
- 7. A method according to any one of the preceding claims wherein said cell is additionally contacted with one or more agents selected from the group consisting of: basic fibroblast growth factor (bFGF), epidermal growth factor (EGF), an activator of the retinoid X receptor (RXR), and 9-cis retinol.

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- A method according to any one of the preceding claims wherein said cell is additionally contacted with a member of the FGF family of growth factors.
- A method according to claim 8 wherein said cell is contacted with bFGF or EGF, and SR11237.
- A method according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the neural stem cell or neural progenitor cell is pretreated with bFGF and/or EGF prior to contacting the cell with one or more factors obtainable from a Type 1 astrocyte of the ventral mesencephalon.
- A method according to any one of the preceding claims 15 11. further comprising formulating a dopaminergic neuron produced by the method into a composition comprising one or more additional components.
- 20 A method according to claim 11 wherein the composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
  - A method according to claim 12 further comprising administering the composition to an individual.
  - A method according to claim 13 wherein the dopaminergic neuron is implanted into the brain of the individual.
- A method according to claim 14 wherein the individual has 30 Parkinson's disease.
  - A method according to any of claims 1 to 10 further comprising use of a dopaminergic heuron produced in accordance with the method in the manufacture of a medicament for

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treatment of an individual.

- 17. A method according to claim 16 wherein the medicament is for implantation into the brain of the individual.
- 18. A method according to claim 17 wherein the individual has Parkinson's disease.
- 19. A dopaminergic neuron produced in accordance with any one of claims 1 to 10.
- 20. A composition comprising a dopaminergic neuron according to claim 19.
- 15 21. A composition according to claim 20 comprising one or more additional components.
  - 22. Use of a dopaminergic neuron according to claim 19 in a method of screening for an agent for use in treatment of a neurodegenerative disease.
  - 23. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 10 further comprising:
- (i) treating a dopaminergic neuron with a toxin for saiddopaminergic neuron;
  - (ii) separating the dopaminergic neuron from the toxin;
  - (iii) bringing the treated dopaminergic neuron into contact with a test agent or test agents;
- (iv) determining the ability of the dopaminergic neuron
  30 to recover from the toxin;
  - (v) comparing said ability of the dopaminergic neuron to recover from the toxin with the ability of a dopaminergic neuron to recover from the toxin in the absence of contact with the test agent(s).

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- 24. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 10 further comprising:
- (i) treating a dopaminergic neuron with a toxin for the5 dopaminergic neuron in the presence of a test agent or test agents;
  - (ii) determining the ability of the dopaminergic neuron to tolerate the toxin;
  - (iii) comparing said ability of the dopaminergic neuron to tolerate the toxin with the ability of a dopaminergic neuron to tolerate the toxin in the absence of contact with the test agent(s).
- 25. A method according to claim 23 or claim 24 further comprising formulating an agent which improves ability of a dopaminergic neuron to recover from or tolerate a said toxin into a composition comprising one or more additional components.
- 26. A method according to claim 25 wherein said composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
  - 27. A method according to claim 26 further comprising administering said composition to an individual.
  - 28. A method according to claim 27 wherein the individual has Parkinson's disease.
  - 29. A method of screening for a receptor or receptors for the factor or factors which are obtainable from Type I astrocytes of the ventral mesencephalon and which induce a dopaminergic fate in neural stem or progenitor cells expressing Nurr-1 above basal levels, the method comprising comparing neural stem or progenitor cells with or without expression of Nurr-1

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above basal levels within the neural stem or progenitor cells, to identify said receptor or receptors.

- A method as in claim 29 which further comprises isolating 30. and/or purifying and/or cloning said receptor or receptors.
  - A method as in claim 30 which further comprises using said receptor or receptors in a method of screening for said factors or factors obtainable from type I astrocytes of the ventral mesencephalon.
  - A method of screening for a factor or factors which, either alone or in combination, induce a dopaminergic fate in a neural stem or progenitor cell expressing Nurrl above basal levels, the method comprising:
  - (a) bringing Type 1 astrocyte molecules into contact with a neural stem cell or neural progenitor cell expressing Nurrl above basal levels, which contact may result in interaction between the Type 1 astrocyte molecules and the neural stem or progenitor cell; and
  - (b) determining interaction between the Type 1 astrocyte molecules and the stem or progenitor cell.
- A method according to claim 22 which comprises comparing molecules of Type 1 astrocytes of the ventral mesencephalon with those of neural cells which are unable to induce a dopaminergic fate in neural stem or progenitor cells expressing Nurrl above basal levels.

A method of screening for a factor or factors which, either alone or in combination, induce a dopaminergic fate in a neural stem or progenitor cell expressing Nurrl above basal levels, the method comprising culturing a neural stem cell or

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neural progenitor cell expressing Nurrl above basal levels in the presence of Type 1 astrocyte molecules and analyzing said cell for differentiation to a dopaminergic phenotype.

- 35. A method according to claim 34 which comprises comparing Type 1 astrocytes of the ventral mesencephalon with neural cells which are unable to induce a dopaminergic fate in neural stem or progenitor cells expressing Nurrl above basal levels.
- 36. A method according to claim 33 which comprises differential expression screening.
  - 37. A method according to any one of claims 31 to 36 wherein a factor or factors able to induce a dopaminergic fate in a neural stem or progenitor cell expressing Nurrl above basal levels is or are provided in isolated and/or purified form.
  - 38. A method according to any one of claims 31 to 37 wherein a factor or factors able to induce a dopaminergic fate in a neural stem or progenitor cell expressing Nurrl above basal levels is or are formulated into a composition comprising one or more additional components.
- 39. A method according to claim 38 wherein the composition comprises a neural stem or progenitor cell expressing Nurrl above basal levels.
  - 40. A method according to claim 38 or claim 39 wherein the composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
  - 41. A method according to claim 40 further comprising administering the composition to an individual.
  - 42. A method according to claim 41 wherein the composition is

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implanted into the brain of the individual.

- 43. A method according to claim 42 wherein the individual has Parkinson's disease.
- 44. A method according to any one of claims 31 to 37 further comprising use of a factor or factors able to induce a dopaminergic fate in a neural stem or progenitor cell expressing *Nurr*1 above basal levels in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment of an individual.
  - 45. A method according to claim 44 wherein the medicament comprises a neural stem or progenitor cell expressing Nurrl above basal levels.
  - 46. A method according to claim 44 or claim 45 wherein the medicament is for implantation into the brain of the individual.
- 20 47. A method according to claim 46 wherein the individual has Parkinson's disease.
  - 48. A method of screening for a substance which modulates the ability of Type 1 astrocytes of the ventral mesencephalon, or a molecule or molecules of such astrocytes, to induce a dopaminergic fate in neural stem or progenitor cells expressing Nurrl above basal levels, the method comprising:
  - (i) co-culturing Type 1 astrocytes with neural stem or progenitor cells which express *Nurr*l above basal levels in the presence of one or more test substances; or
  - (ii) bringing neural stem or progenitor cells which express Nurrl above basal levels into contact with one or more molecules of Type 1 astrocytes able to induce a dopaminergic phenotype in such cells, said contact occurring in the

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presence of one or more test substances; and

- (iii) analysing the proportion of stem or progenitor cells which adopt a dopaminergic fate;
- (iv) comparing the proportion of stem or progenitor cells which adopt a dopaminergic fate with the number of stem or progenitor cells which adopt a dopaminergic fate in comparable reaction medium and conditions in the absence of the test substance(s).
  - 49. A method according to claim 48 wherein a substance which modulates the ability of Type 1 astrocytes of the ventral mesencephalon, or a molecule or molecules of such astrocytes, to induce a dopaminergic fate in neural stem or progenitor cells expressing Nurrl above basal levels, is provided in isolated and/or purified form.
- 50. A method according to claim 48 or claim 49 wherein a substance which modulates the ability of Type 1 astrocytes of the ventral mesencephalon, or a molecule or molecules thereof, to induce a dopaminergic fate in neural stem or progenitor cells expressing Nurr1 above basal levels, is formulated into a composition comprising one or more additional components.
- 25 51. A method according to claim 50 wherein the composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
  - 52. A method according to claim 51 further comprising administering the composition to an individual.
  - 53. A method according to claim 52 wherein the composition is implanted into the brain of the individual.
  - 54. A method according to claim 53 wherein the individual has

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Parkinson's disease.

A method according to claim 48 or claim 49 further comprising use of a substance which modulates the ability of Type 1 astrocytes of the ventral mesencephalon, or a molecule or molecules of such astrocytes, to induce a dopaminergic fate in neural stem or progenitor cells expressing Nurr1 above basal levels, in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment of an individual.

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- A method according to claim 55 wherein the medicament is for implantation into the brain of the individual.
- A method according to claim 56 wherein the individual has Parkinson's disease.

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